

Conciliation Scheme

For domestic consumers who are unable to resolve a complaint directly with a GGF Member Company



Glass and Glazing Federation

Always use a current GGF Member.
To see the latest list of GGF Members
visit www.ggf.org.uk/directory

The Glass & Glazing Arbitration (GGF) offers a free conciliation service for customers of GGF member companies

What is the Conciliation Scheme?

The Conciliation Scheme is a free of charge service for customers of GGF member companies. It is designed to help resolve disputes between customers and member companies. The scheme is run by the Conciliation Manager, who will act as a neutral third party to help you and the member company reach a mutually agreeable solution. The Conciliation Manager will not make a decision for you, but will help you to understand the issues and to find a way forward. The Conciliation Manager will also help you to understand the member company's position and to find a way forward. The Conciliation Manager will also help you to understand the member company's position and to find a way forward.

Why should I consider conciliation?

Conciliation is a free of charge service for customers of GGF member companies. It is designed to help resolve disputes between customers and member companies. The scheme is run by the Conciliation Manager, who will act as a neutral third party to help you and the member company reach a mutually agreeable solution. The Conciliation Manager will not make a decision for you, but will help you to understand the issues and to find a way forward. The Conciliation Manager will also help you to understand the member company's position and to find a way forward.

The Conciliation Process - Stage 1

In the first instance you should write to the Conciliation Manager (address at the end of this leaflet) outlining your complaint. You should enclose a copy of both sides of your contract and any other related documentation. In the rare event that you have no written contract, you will be expected to provide letters or an invoice to support your complaint. An up to date defects list is requested and this should detail all faults that you consider to be outstanding. This information will be assessed to ensure that your complaint falls within the remit of the Conciliation Scheme.

It should be noted that there are three main issues with which the GGF are unable to assist. These are:

- 1 Compensation** - because we have no mandate to impose such a solution
- 2 Condensation** - because this is a naturally occurring phenomenon (except where it appears between the panes of glass) For information on condensation, the GGF leaflet "Condensation Some Causes, Some Advice" is available for purchase
- 3 Litigation** - because we are an independent third party

All parties will be kept informed of progress by way of written correspondence.

The Consumer will receive a letter detailing what actions the GGF are taking. A letter and customer file will be sent to the Member Company involved and asked what actions they have taken and/or intend to take.

The GGF expect a response to be received within certain prescribed timeframes and where this is not the case with a Member Company, a reminder will be sent instructing them to deal with the matter. If the consumer fails to respond to correspondence, then a reminder letter may be sent stating that if they fail to respond, the matter shall be considered to have been resolved to their satisfaction.

This process has a very high success rate and issues are usually resolved without the need for expensive litigation, benefitting the consumer and GGF Member companies.

The Conciliation Process - Stage 2

In the rare cases that this does not work and a Member Company fails to deal with the matter through conciliation, there is a Consumer Arbitration Scheme provided through The Chartered Institute of Arbitrators for the GGF and this may be considered by the Conciliation Manager.

What about confidentiality?

Details of the complaint and any resolution found are to be treated as confidential between all parties to the complaint and the GGF.

How do I request conciliation?

If you have raised your concerns with the Member Company in writing and they have not addressed the issues for you, please write to the Conciliation Manager at:

Email: conciliation@ggf.org.uk

“List on GGF Protection”



Glass and Glazing Federation

Glass and Glazing Federation
40 Rushworth Street
London SE1 0RB

Tel: 020 7939 9100
Fax: 0870 042 4266
Email: info@ggf.org.uk
www.ggf.org.uk

D.1 Purchase of harmonised European Norms (hENs)

All harmonised European Norms (hENs) and supporting standards (test method, calculation method, etc.) are purchased from the national standards bodies. Their website addresses are given in Attachment 6.

D.2 Structure of hEN

This structure is the same for all hENs.

Contents of hEN		Reference in this document
1	Foreword	
2	Scope	
3	Normative references	
4	Definitions	
5	Requirements	Attachment 6
6	Evaluation of conformity	Attachment 6
7	Marking and labelling	Attachment 6
Annex A (Normative)	Factor production control	Attachment 6
Annex ZA (Informative)	Test methods relating to factor production control	Product standard specific
Annex A1 (Informative)	Provisions for the voluntary involvement of third parties	Attachment 6
Annex A2 (Informative)	Provisions of EU Construction Product Directive	Attachment 6

D.3 ANNEX ZA

Clauses of this European Standard addressing the provisions of EU Construction Products Directive (see also Attachment 6)

A candidate harmonised European Norm contains an informative Annex ZA which indicates those clauses of the standard that support the fulfilment of the essential requirements of the Construction Products Directive.

When the European Commission accepts the candidate harmonised European Norm as a hEN then reference is made in the official Journal of the EC. This makes the Annex ZA normative. It must be observed.

Contact your national standards body and your national glass association to know when the Annex ZA has become normative.

D.3.1 Intended use (“essential characteristic” in table ZA.1

The colour coding has been duplicated within chapter E (Schematic overview).

Table ZA.1

Red clause numbers relate to product group – basic soda lime silicate glass.

Red clause numbers relate to processed products – thermally treated, laminated, coated, insulating glass units.

Evaluation of Conformity as laid down
in the harmonised European Standards
(hENs)

Table ZA – Relevant causes of glass and intended use in buildings and construction works

Relevant No	Product - Glass products covered under the scope of this standard Intended use: Buildings and Construction Works			
	Essential Characteristics	Requirements in this and other European Standard(s)	Standard Labels and Classes	Notes
Reference to the intended use	<p>Safety in the case of fire –</p> <p>(1) Resistance to fire (for glass for use in a glazed assembly intended specifically for fire resistance)</p> <p>(5) Reaction to fire</p> <p>(5) External fire performance (for roof coverings only)</p>	<p>EN 13659 and EN 13659 EN 13659 and EN 13659</p> <p>EN 13659 and EN 13659 EN 13659 and EN 13659</p> <p>EN 13659 and EN 13659 EN 13659 and EN 13659</p>	<p>RI</p> <p>RE</p> <p>RE</p>	<p>Minutes</p> <p>Euroclasses</p> <p>Euroclasses</p>
	<p>Safety in use –</p> <p>(5) Bullet resistance, shatter properties and resistance to attack</p> <p>(5) Explosion resistance, impact behaviour and resistance to attack</p> <p>(5) Burglar resistance, shatter properties and resistance to attack</p> <p>(7) Pendulum body impact resistance, shatter properties (see safety) and resistance to impact</p> <p>(5) Mechanical resistance, resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials</p> <p>(5) Mechanical resistance, resistance against wind, snow, permanent and imposed load and/or imposed loads of the glass unit</p>	<p>EN 1063 and EN 1063 EN 1063 and EN 1063</p> <p>EN 1063 and EN 1063 EN 1063 and EN 1063</p> <p>EN 1063 and EN 1063 EN 1063 and EN 1063</p> <p>EN 1063 and EN 1063 EN 1063 and EN 1063</p> <p>EN 1063 and EN 1063 EN 1063 and EN 1063</p> <p>EN 1063 and EN 1063 EN 1063 and EN 1063</p>	-	<p>Classes of convenience</p> <p>Classes of convenience</p> <p>Classes of convenience</p> <p>Classes of convenience</p> <p>EN and/or °C</p> <p>mm</p>
	<p>(15) Protection against noise: Direct airborne sound reduction</p>	<p>EN 12758 and EN 12758 EN 12758 and EN 12758</p>	-	dB
<p>(11) Energy conservation and heat retention: –</p> <p>Thermal properties</p> <p>(15) Radiation properties – - light transmittance and reflectance</p> <p>(15) - solar energy characteristics</p>	<p>EN 12792 and EN 12792 EN 12792 and EN 12792</p> <p>EN 12792 and EN 12792 EN 12792 and EN 12792</p> <p>EN 12792 and EN 12792 EN 12792 and EN 12792</p>	-	<p>EN 12792</p> <p>actions or EN</p> <p>actions or EN</p>	

D.3.2 System of attestation of conformity for the claimed intended uses - Table ZA.2

Clause ZA.2 of the hEN deals with procedure(s) for the attestation of conformity of glass products.

Table ZA.2 lists the systems of attestation of conformity for the intended uses.

Table ZA.2 – System of attestation of conformity

Ref No	Product	Intended use	EN for class(es)	Attestation of conformity system
(1)	All "glass products"	for uses in a fixed assembly intended specifically to provide fire resistance	Annex	CPD
(2)		for uses subject to reaction to fire regulations	Euroclasses A2, A1, A2-s1, A2-s2, A1-s1, A1-s2	CPD
(3)		for uses subject to external fire performance regulations	Products requiring testing	CPD
			Products "deemed to satisfy" without testing	CPD
(4)		for use as anti-bullet or anti-explosion	EN	CPD
(5) & (6)		for other uses liable to present "safety use" risks and subject to such regulations	EN	CPD
(7) & (8)		for uses relating to energy conservation and/or noise reduction	EN	CPD
	for uses other than those specified above	EN	CPD	

(1) System of the Directive 89/106/EEC (CPD) Annex (i) Without audit testing of samples.
 (2) System of the Directive 89/106/EEC (CPD) Annex (ii) second possibility.
 (3) System of the Directive 89/106/EEC (CPD) Annex (ii) third possibility.
 (4) Products/materials that do not require to be tested for reaction to fire (e.g. Products/materials of Classes A2 according to Commission Decision 2000/183/EC as amended 2002/100/EC)

D.3.3 Assignment of evaluation of conformity tasks – Tables ZA.3.1 to ZA.3.3 See Attachment

Tables ZA.3.1 to ZA.3.3 detail the assignment of tasks between the manufacturer and the notified body for the different systems of attestation of conformity. These tasks make reference to the applicable clauses within the hEN.

Table 2 sets out the assignment of tasks dependent on the system of attestation of conformity.

Figure 2 – Relationship between intended use, system of attestation and roles of manufacturer and Notified Body

Intended Use	System of attestation	CE (Initial type testing)		FPC (Factory Production Control)				
		Manufacturer	Notified Testing Body	Notified Certification Body				
				Manufacturer	Inspection of Production	Initial Inspection of Factory	Continuous Surveillance of Factory	
Safety in case of fire	Resistance to Fire (EN 13501)	3 or 4		EN	EN	EN	EN	EN
	Reaction to Fire (EN 13501)	3 or 4	EN	EN	EN			
	External Fire Performance (EN 13501)	3 or 4	EN	EN	EN			
Safety in use	Shower Resistance (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN	EN	EN	EN
	Explosion Resistance (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN	EN	EN	EN
	Burglar Resistance (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN			
	Pendulum Body Impact (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN			
	Resistance against Temperature (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN			
	Resistance against Wind Snow etc (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN			
Protection against Noise	Forest airborne sound reduction (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN			
Energy Conservation and Heat Retention	Thermal Properties (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN			
	Light transmittance/reflectance (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN			
	Solar energy characteristics (EN 12542)	3		EN	EN			
Anything else		EN	EN		EN			

EN 12542 applicable for system of attestation EN

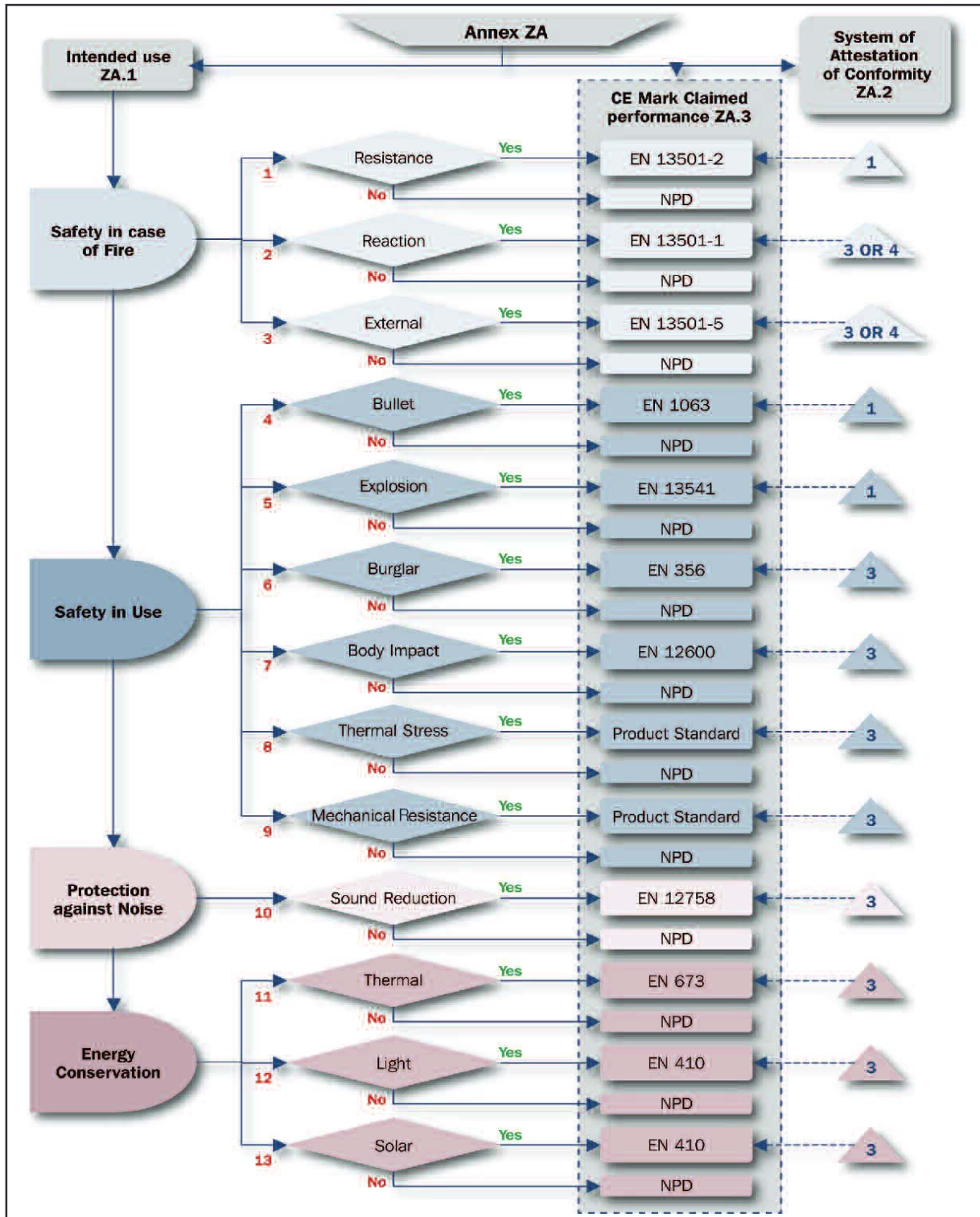
Figure 3 – Schematic representation of the relationship between intended use, system of attestation of conformity and the claimed performances

Figure 3 is a diagrammatic representation of the relationship between intended use (Table ZA 3.1), system of attestation of conformity (Table ZA 3.2) and the claimed performances (Clause ZA 3.3).

The information has been colour coded to tie in with Clause 4.3 of Table ZA 3.1. The information has also been numbered to tie in with Clause 4.3 of Table ZA 3.2, Clause 4.3 of Table ZA 3.3 and Figure 3.1.

This Figure will allow the manufacturer to decide on the way forward for any particular intended use.

Figure 3 – Relationship between intended use (ZA.1) system of attestation of conformity (ZA.2) and the claimed performances (ZA.3)



F Glossary

These definitions have been prepared as a means of assisting understanding of the terms used within a specific hEN.

Product definition (for basic and special basic products only)

The definition/description as given in the appropriate Part 1 of the standard of the product.

Product description (for processed products)

A document that details the relevant parameters (e.g. process conditions, structure, etc.) for defining a product that complies with the standard. It includes specific references to characteristics that are modified by the production process.

System description (for insulating glass units)

Description of components and the edge seal of the insulating glass unit in terms relevant to identification and in terms relevant to edge seal performance (e.g. moisture penetration index, gas loss rate).

Evaluation of conformity

The process by which a manufacturer shows that the product is in conformity with the harmonised European Standard hEN. This consists of factory production control (FPC) and initial type testing (ITT).

System of attestation of conformity

The process that identifies the relevant roles of the manufacturer and any third party (i.e. Notified Body) in showing conformity of the product with the harmonised European Standard hEN. Reference attachment tables EA.1, EA.2, EA.3 and EA.4.

Attachment 1: hEN Clause 4 Requirements

Clause 4 Requirements

The major difference between basic glass products and processed glass products, e.g. toughened, laminated, insulating glass units (IGUs) etc. is the need for a product description. The two different clause numberings are shown below.

- For basic glass products these are:
- conformity with the definition of 'basic glass product'
 - determination of the characteristics' performances
 - 2.1 characteristics of 'basic glass product'
 - 2.2 determination of the characteristics of 'basic glass product'
 - durability
 - characteristics other than those listed in 2
 - dangerous substances

- For processed glasses these are:
- product description
 - conformity with the definition of 'processed glass product'
 - determination of the characteristics' performances
 - characteristics of 'processed glass product'
 - determination of the characteristics of 'processed glass product'
 - durability
 - dangerous substances

Table 1

The clause numbers are given relative to the hEN and the type of product (black for basic products and red for processed products).

Alongside the clauses is a commentary explaining what is meant.

Clauses from hEN (basic glasses and others, i.e. processed glass)	Comments
<p>4 Requirements</p> <p>(4.1) Product Description</p> <p>For conformity purposes the processed glass product manufacturer is responsible for the preparation and maintenance of the product description. This description shall describe the product and its product families.</p> <p>Disclosure of the product description shall be at the discretion of the processed glass product manufacturer or his agent except in the case of regulatory requirements.</p> <p>The description shall contain at least a normative part. The description may also contain an informative part, when the manufacturer foresees further development of the product.</p> <p>The normative part of the description shall contain the following minimum information:</p> <p>(Product group specific)</p> <p>The definition of product families shall be consistent with the normative part of the product description.</p>	<p>the definition</p> <p>Each product group hEN details the normative part of the product description</p>



The substitution of materials shall maintain the conformity with the product description. The substituting material can be added to the product family and also the product description when compliance has been demonstrated.

(4.1 or 4.2) Conformity with the definition of
(Product group specification)

(4.2 or 4.3) Determination of the characteristics per demands

(4.2.1 or 4.3.1) Characteristics of
(Product group specification)

(4.2.2 or 4.3.2) Determination of the characteristics of
If the glass product's manufacturer wishes to claim that any performance characteristic is independent of the production equipment used then the factory production control system shall be in accordance with this standard including his specific process control conditions.

(4.2.2.1 to 1 or 4.3.2.1 to 1) Determination of the characteristics of
See Figure 2

(4.3 or 4.4) Durability

When products conform to the definition of glass products as in or the characteristics' performances in or are ensured during an economically reasonable working life.

The durability of glass products including their characteristics shall be ensured by the following:

- Compliance with this standard
- Compliance with instructions from the glass product manufacturer or supplier

The manufacturer shall supply specific installation instructions or make reference to appropriate technical specifications.

(4.4) Characteristics other than those in listed in 4.2

(4.5) Dangerous substances

Materials used in products shall not release any dangerous substances in excess of the maximum permitted levels specified in a relevant European standard for the material or permitted in the national regulations of the Member State of destination

Showing that the product is the product

Showing that the product has the requisite product properties

Means of changing from one production plant to another without retesting

How you meet the 13 mandated characteristics

A statement that says if the product is made correctly then its working life and those of its characteristics are reasonable

Makes it a requirement for manufacturers to offer installation instructions

Only applicable for basic glass products

No interest as the products covered by the 'glass in building' standards do not release these types of substances

Attachment 2: hEN Clause 5 Evaluation of Conformity

5 Evaluation of Conformity

5.1 General

Evaluation of Conformity in accordance with this standard shall be as a result of Factor Production Control (FPC) and Initial Type Testing (ITT) in accordance with this standard.

1 Factor Production Control

This shall include the following:

- Inspection of samples taken at the factor in accordance with a prescribed test plan
- Initial inspection of the factor and of factor production control
- Continuous surveillance and assessment of the factor production control.

Initial type testing of the product

Note: There shall be a need to involve a third party with 1b, 1c and 6r for the purpose of regulator. See Annex A.

5.2 Initial type testing of the product See 5.1

5.2.1 General

All the product's characteristics shall be initial type tested to verify they are in conformity with the requirements of this standard. In addition instead of performing actual testing initial type testing may be used of:

- General accepted and/or conventional and/or standardised values in the Clause referenced standards or in publications that are referred to in these standards
- Standardised calculation methods and recognised calculation methods in Clause referenced standards or in publications that are referred to in these standards
- Test reports on the basis of test when made available except for the characteristics listed in 4.4.4.4
- Where components are used whose characteristics have already been determined by the component manufacturer on the basis of conformity with other product standards these characteristics need not be reassessed providing they remain unchanged by the manufacturing process
- Release of dangerous substances shall be assessed indirectly by controlling the content of the substance concerned
- Durability shall be assessed indirectly by controlling the production processes according to this standard

Note 1: Products CE marked in accordance with appropriate harmonised European specifications shall be presumed to have the performances stated with the CE marking

Note: There shall be a need to involve a third party for the purpose of regulator. See Annex A.

The nub of the hEN is the relationship between FPC and ITT.

The FPC follows the Annex A and associated Tables A1 to A6.

The ITT is the means of proving that the product meets the requirements in the Part 1 of the standard as well as determining the performance against the 1 characteristics.

It is important NOT to confuse ITT with the need to do actual tests. Values for product characteristics can be obtained in several ways. For example, Density is given in EN 12463. This value can be worked out using EN 12463. Reports of testing undertaken historically in CE marked components. You then if float glass does not change its light transmittance therefore the incoming value can be used.

Depending on size of attestation need for involvement of notified body.



When actual testing is required then the Initial Type Testing (ITT) shall be undertaken on a sample representative of the product taken from direct production or a prototype on any plant and/or line.

Whenever a change occurs in the raw material or the production process (subject to the definition of the family) which would change significantly one or more of the characteristics the type tests shall be repeated for the appropriate characteristics.

5.2.1.1 Multiple lines/sites

If a manufacturer operates more than one line and/or site the following can reduce the requirement for multiple Initial Type Testing (ITT).

- (i) The manufacturers' technical file for a product shall specifically cover all sites and/or lines of the same manufacturer¹.
- (ii) The manufacturer shall establish direct relationship between production control, initial type testing and ongoing internal audit testing.
- (iii) The manufacturer shall have a responsible individual designated to ensure product compliance based on:
 - (a) The operation of a consistent factory Production Control system on all applicable sites and/or lines.
 - (b) The manufacturer having obtained evidence that shows the product to be consistent with respect to both product characteristics and intended use characteristics.
 - (c) The manufacturer has in place an internal auditing scheme including product consistency.

5.2.1.2 Historical data

Tests previously performed in accordance with the provisions of this standard (same product same characteristic(s) same or more onerous test method sampling method and attestation of conformity) may be taken into account (EN 12845 has a different version).

5.2.2 Initial type testing of the product belongs to (Specification of product group)

5.2.3 Initial type testing of characteristics performance

Characteristics in shall be subject to initial type tests in accordance with Clause 5.2.2.

5.2.4 Factory production control and inspection of samples in accordance with the prescribed test plan (see 5.1.1.1 and 5.1.1.2)

Factory production control means the permanent internal control of production exercised by the manufacturer.

Elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and

ITT should be undertaken on samples that relate to the

This clause sets down a method for reducing the number of ITT tests if the manufacturer has numerous lines and/or sites.

This method imposes a strict regime on the manufacturer that may be more costly than having an ITT for each line.

This clause is of use if some characteristics have been determined before the hEN is published. Care is needed for system of attestation 1.

Details will be given in the future product specific documents.

¹ The terms 'manufacturer' and 'producer' are understood as being synonyms (see CEN working document EN 12845:2005/AC:2005/4 issued April 2005, page 1)

procedures. This production control system documentation shall ensure a common understanding of quality assurance and enable the achievement of the required product characteristics and the effective operation of the production control system to be checked.

Factory production control shall be according to 5.1 of this standard.

Note 1 A factory production control system similar to 5.1 made product specific to this standard is deemed to satisfy the requirements of this clause.

Note 2 There may be a need to involve a third party for the purpose of regulatory marking
See 5.1

5.1 of this standard also summarises the tests that shall be carried out by the manufacturer as part of the production control in the factory and as further testing of samples taken at the factory in accordance with a prescribed test plan. FPC for insulating glass units is given in 5.1 and not in 5.1

5.4 Initial inspection of factory and of factory production control (see 5.1, 1c)

The initial inspection of the factory and of the factory production control shall cover the parameters listed in Table 5.1 in conjunction with 5.1

Note 1 There may be a need to involve a third party for the purpose of regulatory marking
See 5.1

5.5 Continuous surveillance and assessment of factory production control (see 5.1, 1c)

The continuous surveillance and assessment of the factory production control shall cover the parameters listed in 5.1
(Table 5.1 is product group specific).

Note 1 There may be a need to involve a third party for the purpose of regulatory marking
See 5.1

See 5.1

Requirement for a notified certification body for system of 5.1

Reference Section F glossary.

This only applies for a product with an intended use requiring a system of 5.1.

This only applies for a product with an intended use requiring a system of 5.1.



Attachment 3: hEN Clause 21 and Labeling

21.1 Labeling

21.1.1 General

All voluntary marking and/or labelling shall comply with Annex V.

Care shall be taken to ensure that any voluntary marking and/or labelling does not cause confusion with respect to the mandatory requirements.

Note: All marking and/or labelling of product to demonstrate compliance with the regulatory requirement is detailed in Annex A.

21.1.2 Product marking

The glass product shall/shall not be marked ...
(Product group specification)

21.1.3 Product characteristics

The manufacturer or his agent shall organise a system of references that allows for the following:

exactly which characteristics have to be assessed. See Clause 21.1.3.1 or 21.1.3.2.

1) Those characteristics that will be assessed.

2) The values, classes, categories, etc. that have been determined for those characteristics.

This system shall be documented as part of the evaluation of conformity.

21.1.4 "Characteristics/performance identification paper"

The manufacturer shall prepare a "characteristics/performance identification paper" based on the information collected on the product characteristics. See 21.1.3.1. This document shall be part of the manufacturer's technical file and is the basis for the accompanying information as required for regulatory purposes.

The "characteristics/performance identification paper" can be a catalogue in any media format (paper, disk, website, etc.) always identifiable by the reference that accompanies the marking with the product. The catalogue shall contain the values or classes of the characteristics for which a performance is declared. If no performance is declared, an indication of no performance determined shall be made.

Note 1: The conditions of use of 21.1.3.1 are given in Annex A.

Note 2: The catalogue should not contain any information other than that relevant to the "characteristics/performance identification paper".

The hEN will specify if product marking is required and the content of the marking.

Important that the manufacturer understands when/where 21.1.3.1 can be used.

Attachment 4: hEN Annex A Factory production control

A.1 Factory Production Control Requirements

A.1.1 General

The factory production control system shall consist of procedures, regular inspections and tests and/or assessments and the use of the results to control incoming materials or components, equipment, the production process and the product.

Note: An FPC system conforming with the requirements of EN ISO 9001 and made specific to the requirements of this standard is deemed to satisfy the requirements of this standard.

A.1.2 Organisation

A.1.2.1 Responsibility and authority

The responsibility, authority and the interrelation of all personnel who manage, perform and verify or affecting conformity shall be defined, particularly for personnel who have the organisational freedom and authority to

- a) initiate action to prevent the occurrence of product non-conformity;
- b) identify and record any product non-conformances.

A.1.2.2 Management representative for factory production control

The manufacturer shall appoint a management representative who, irrespective of other responsibilities, shall have defined authority and responsibility for ensuring that the requirements of this standard are implemented and maintained.

A.1.2.3 Management review

The production control system shall be reviewed by the manufacturer's management at appropriate intervals in accordance with the manufacturer's documented control system to ensure its continuing suitability and effectiveness. Records of such reviews shall be maintained for a minimum period of five years.

A.1.3 Control System

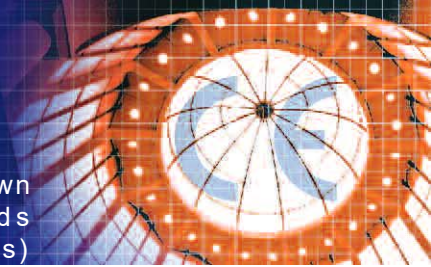
A.1.3.1 General

The manufacturer shall establish and maintain a documented system as a means of ensuring that the product conforms to the relevant EN standard. The following requirements shall be fulfilled.

A.1.3.2 Personnel

The manufacturer shall use appropriately trained personnel for the operation and inspection of all inspection and production equipment.

If a manufacturer operates an FPC system and incorporates the specific requirements of this Annex, especially the Tables, then he is deemed to comply. If not then the manufacturer must comply with all of Annex A, including Tables.



A.1.1. Documentation

The manufacturer's documentation and procedures shall be relevant to the production and process control of the glass product, and shall be adequately described in a manual which shall include:

- a) the organisational structure, responsibilities and authorities of the management with regard to product conformity
- b) the procedures for specifying and verifying the incoming materials
- c) the manufacturing, production control and other techniques, processes and systematic actions that will be used
- d) the inspections that will be carried out before production, the inspection and tests during and after production, and the frequency at which they will be carried out
- e) required records of the inspections, tests and assessments
- f) records of non-conformity situations requiring corrective actions and the actions taken
- g) unless otherwise indicated in national regulations, records must be kept for a minimum of one year after manufacturing the product

A.1.4 Test equipment

Calibration of test equipment necessary for factory production control shall be documented

Note: The precision of calibration required is implied by the accuracy of the test method and tolerances specified

A.1.5 Inspection and test in

Clause designates the inspections and tests by means of Tables. The requirements and records shall be normative

Frequencies shall be regarded as a minimum frequency

A.2 Marking

The manufacturer shall establish, document and maintain procedures for marking of the products. The product shall be marked in accordance with the established documents

For tracing purposes, the manufacturer shall establish and maintain the records required in Clause

A. Inspection and test in articles of mass production

A.1 Information on Table(s) A.1 to A.2

Table A.1 to A.2 consists of three parts:

- Section 1: Material control
- Section 2: Production control
- Section 3: Product control

When a manufacturing process is such that one or more of the listed inspections or tests are not applicable or physically not practical, the concerned inspection or test may be ignored.

The inspections and/or tests on incoming materials shall be carried out before use.

In the case of non-conforming materials, action shall be taken so that non-conforming raw materials cannot be used and non-conforming products cannot be delivered.

The required records in Tables 1 and 2 may be any document, e.g. order documents, production documents, logbooks etc., as described in the CPC procedures and associated documentation.

For those criteria where no record is required this situation shall only apply until a complaint regarding that criteria is received. Records shall subsequently be kept to show that corrective action has been successful.

The machinery and equipment used for manufacturing the products shall be checked at periods consistent with the manufacturer's documented process control against defined parameters, maintained and adjusted for optimal results.

A.3.2 Use of proxy testing

A manufacturer may employ a test method or method of evaluation other than those referred to in the Table 1 to 4. However, it shall be the manufacturer's responsibility to prepare suitable documentation describing such tests and their correlation with the recommended method to ensure that the appropriate characteristic is as declared.

Attachment 5: hEN Provisions for Voluntary Involvement of Third party(ies)

General

A manufacturer may employ third party(ies) for conformity assessment, which may involve a combination of initial type testing, inspection of factory production control, continuous surveillance and auditing of the product. The results of the conformity assessment by the bodies acting for regulators may be used by third party(ies) in carrying out their assigned tasks.

Voluntary Tasks for third parties

A third party may be voluntarily contracted to perform the initial type testing, inspection of factory production control, continuous surveillance and auditing of the product.

Where a third party is voluntarily involved in the evaluation of conformity of the glass products covered by this European Standard then the assessment shall be in accordance with Clause Evaluation of Conformity in this Standard.

A manufacturer may also voluntarily involve a third party in the control of characteristics, e.g. visual aspects, colour, etc., that are over and above the characteristics required for regulatory purposes.

Marking and Labelling

The format of the label and the position should be agreed between the body involved and the manufacturer.

All marking and labels of a voluntary nature should be affixed so as not to be confused with those marking and labels that are required for regulatory purposes.

In order to prevent confusion with any regulatory marking and labelling, any marking and labelling associated with the involvement of third party(ies) on a voluntary basis should be accompanied with the following warning: 'This marking/labelling has no relationship with any product characteristic covered by any regulatory marking and labelling'.

This Annex whilst drafted as Annex E will have differing references depending upon product standard.

The use of a voluntary third party must not take away from the requirements of the hEN, e.g. if the System of Attestation is then the Initial Type Test must be done by a Notified Testing Body.

The use of a voluntary third party to cover non-harmonised characteristics is permissible.

The use of voluntary national quality marks must not take away from the CE mark and must not be confusing.

This details the way to comply with the standard.

Attachment 5: hEN Provisions for voluntary involvement of third party(ies)

Annex A (Informative)

Clauses of this European Standard addressing provisions of the European Construction Products Directive

Annex A gives the scope of the Annex. Table ZA.1 details the applicable intended uses (essential characteristics) – see Annex

A.1. Scope and relevant characteristics

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate issued to glass profiled glass and glass block products” given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

The clauses of this European standard shown in this Annex meet the requirements of mandate issued given under the European Construction Products Directive (EN 12888).

Compliance with these clauses confers a presumption of fitness of the glass product characteristics covered by this Annex for the intended uses herein. Reference should be made to the information accompanying the CE marking.

Other requirements and other Directives not affecting the fitness for intended uses can be applicable to the thermally toughened soda lime silicate safety glass falling within the scope of this European Standard.

Note 1 In addition to any specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this Standard there may be other requirements applicable to products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the European Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with when and where they apply.

Note 2 An informative database of European and national provisions on dangerous substances is available at <http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/construction/internal/langsub/langmain.htm>

This annex has the same scope as Clause 1 of this standard with regard to the products covered. It establishes the conditions for the CE marking of glass intended for the use indicated below and shows the relevant clauses applicable (see Table ZA.1).

Construction Product	Glass product
Intended uses	Buildings and construction works

The requirement on a certain characteristic is not applicable in those Member States where there are no regulatory requirements on that characteristic for the intended end use of the product. In this case, manufacturers placing their products on the market of these Member States are not obliged to determine nor declare the performance of their products with regard to this characteristic and the option “No Performance Determined” (NPD) in the information accompanying the CE marking (see ZA.1) may be used. The NPD option may not be used, however, where the characteristic is subject to a threshold level.

Annex A deals with the scheme of attestation of conformity – see especially Table ZA.1.

Annex A deals with assignment of evaluation of conformity – see Figure 2 and tables ZA.1 to ZA.4.

Evaluation of Conformity as laid down
in the harmonised European Standards
(hENs)

Table ZA 1 – Assignment of the evaluation of the performance of the product under system

Task	Content of the task	Evaluation of the performance of the product under system
Tasks for the manufacturer	Factory Production Control (FPC)	Parameters related to all relevant characteristics of Table Z 1
	Further testing of samples taken at factory	All relevant characteristics of Table Z 1
	Initial type testing	All relevant characteristics of Table Z 1 Resistance to fire Anti-bullet Anti-explosion
Tasks for the notified body	Initial type testing	Resistance to fire Anti-bullet Anti-explosion
	Initial inspection of factory and FPC	Parameters related to all relevant characteristics of Table Z 1, in particular: Resistance to fire Anti-bullet Anti-explosion
	Continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of FPC	Parameters related to all relevant characteristics of Table Z 1, in particular: Resistance to fire Anti-bullet Anti-explosion

Table ZA 2 – Assignment of the evaluation of the performance of the product under system

Task	Content of the task	Evaluation of the performance of the product under system
Tasks for the manufacturer	Factory Production Control (FPC)	Parameters related to all relevant characteristics of Table Z 1
	Initial type testing	All other relevant characteristics of Table Z 1 other than those shown below
Tasks for the notified body	Initial type testing	Reaction to fire Euroclasses External fire performance Air resistance Pendulum body impact resistance Direct airborne sound insulation Thermal properties Radiation properties Light transmittance and reflection Solar energy characteristics

Table ZA.3.3 – Assignment of evaluation of conformity tasks for glass products under system 4

Tasks	Content of the task	Evaluation of conformity clauses to apply
Tasks for the manufacturer	Factory Production Control (FPC.)	Parameters related to all relevant characteristics of Table Z
	Initial type testing	Reaction to fire fire classes and relevant characteristics of Table Z

ZA.2.2 Evaluation certificate and Declaration of Conformity

In case of products under system 4 when compliance with the conditions of this Annex is achieved the certification body shall draw up a certificate of conformity (Certificate of Conformity) which entitles the manufacturer to affix the CE marking. This certificate shall include:

- name, address and identification number of the certification body;
- name and address of the manufacturer or his authorised representative established in the European Economic Area and place of production;
- description of the product (type identification etc.);
- provisions to which the product conforms (i.e. Annex Z of this standard)
- particular conditions applicable to the use of the product (e.g. provisions for use under certain conditions etc.);
- the number of the certificate;
- conditions and period of validity of the certificate where applicable;
- name of and position held by the person empowered to sign the certificate.

In addition the manufacturer shall draw up a declaration of conformity (Declaration of Conformity) including the following:

- name and address of the manufacturer or his authorised representative established in the European Economic Area;
- name and address of the certification body;
- description of the product (type identification etc.) and a copy of the information accompanying the CE marking;

the CE

- provisions to which the product conforms (i.e. Annex Z of this standard);
- particular conditions applicable to the use of the product (e.g. provisions for use under certain conditions etc.);
- number of the accompanying Certificate of Conformity;
- name of and position held by the person empowered to sign the declaration on behalf of the manufacturer or of his authorised representative.

In case of products under system 3 when compliance with the conditions of this Annex is achieved the manufacturer or his agent established in the EEA shall prepare and retain a declaration of conformity (Declaration of Conformity) which entitles the manufacturer to affix the CE marking. This declaration shall include:

- name and address of the manufacturer or his authorised representative established in the EEA and place of production;
- description of the product (type identification etc.) and a copy of the information accompanying the CE marking;
- provisions to which the product conforms (i.e. Annex Z of this standard);
- particular conditions applicable to the use of the product (e.g. provisions for use under certain conditions etc.);
- name and address of the notified laboratory(ies);
- name of and position held by the person empowered to sign the declaration on behalf of the manufacturer or his authorised representative.



In case of products under system 4: When compliance with this Annex is achieved, the manufacturer or his agent established in the EEA shall prepare and retain a declaration of conformity (EC declaration of conformity) which entitles the manufacturer to affix the CE marking. This declaration shall include:

- name and address of the manufacturer, or his authorised representative established in the EEA, and place of production;
- description of the product (type, identification, use, etc.) and a copy of the information accompanying the CE marking;
- provisions to which the product conforms (including Annex A of this EN 50364);
- particular conditions applicable to the use of the product (e.g. provisions for use under certain conditions, etc.);
- name of, and position held by, the person empowered to sign the declaration on behalf of the manufacturer or of his authorised representative.

Note: Duplication of information between the declaration and certificate should be avoided. Avoid duplication of information, cross-reference between documents may be made when one contains more information than the other.

The above mentioned declaration and certificate shall be presented in the official language or languages of the Member State in which the product is to be used.

CE marking and labelling


The manufacturer or his authorised representative established within the EEA is responsible for the affixing of the CE marking. The CE marking symbol to be affixed shall be in accordance with Directive 93/68/EEC and shall be shown on the glass product (or when not possible it may be on the accompanying label, the packaging or on the accompanying commercial documents e.g. delivery note). The following information shall accompany the CE marking symbol:

- identification number of the certification body (only for products under systems 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100);
- name or identifying mark and registered address of the producer;
- the last two digits of the year in which the marking is affixed;
- number of the EC Certificate of conformity or factory production control certificate (if relevant);
- reference to this European Standard;
- description of the product (generic name, material, dimensions, ... and intended use);
- information on those relevant essential characteristics listed in table 5A which are to be declared presented as declared values and, where relevant, level or class (including "pass" for pass requirements, where necessary) to be declared for each essential characteristic as indicated in "Notes" in table 5A;
- as an alternative, standard designation(s) alone or in combination with declared values as above, and "no performance determined" for characteristics where this is relevant.

The "no performance determined" (EN 50364 option) may not be used where the characteristic is subject to a threshold level. Otherwise, the option may be used when and where the characteristic, for a given intended use, is not subject to regulatory requirements in the Member State of destination.

Figure 6 gives an example of the information to be given on the product, label, packaging and commercial documents.

Table ZA.3.3 – Assignment of evaluation of conformity tasks for glass products under system 4


<p>AnyCo Ltd, P... ..</p> <p>6</p> <p>23 CPD- 23 9</p>
<p>Product type</p> <p>Product type intended to be used in buildings and construction works</p> <p>Characteristics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Resistance to fire Reaction to fire External fire performance Bullet resistance Explosion resistance Burglar resistance Pendulum body impact resistance Resistance against sudden temperature changes and temperature differentials Wind, snow, permanent and imposed load resistance Direct airborne sound insulation Thermal properties Radiation properties Light transmission and reflection Solar energy characteristics

<p>CE conformity marking, consisting of the CE-symbol given in directive 93/68/EEC</p> <p>Identification number of the certification body (where relevant)</p>
<p>Name or identifying mark and registered address of the producer</p> <p>Last two digits of the year in which the marking was affixed</p> <p>Certificate number (where relevant)</p>
<p>EN 12185 Euro Standard</p> <p>Description of product and information on regulated characteristics (see table and figure 3)</p>

Figure 20- Example of CE marking information

[A] and [B] only applicable for products claiming essential characteristics that require a system of Attestation (i.e. fire resistance, bullet resistance, explosion resistance).

Attachment 7: Website addresses for the EN 25 standardisation bodies

Country	National Body	Internet Site
Austria	Österreichisches Normungsinstitut (ON)	http://www.on.nor.at
Belgium	INEN	http://www.inen.be
Cyprus	Cyprus Organisation for the Promotion of Quality (COPQ)	http://www2.cytanet.com.cy/cops
Czech Republic	Czech Standards Institute (CNI)	http://www.cni.cz
Denmark	Danish Standards (DS)	http://www.ds.dk
Estonia	Eesti Standardikeskus (EKS)	http://www.eks.ee
Finland	Finnish Standards Association (SFS)	http://www.sfs.fi
France	Association Française de Normalisation (AFNOR)	http://www.afnor.fr
Germany	Deutsches Institut für Normung (DIN)	http://www.din.de
Greece	Hellenic Organisation for Standardisation (EOS)	http://www.eot.gr
Hungary	Magyar Normanyügyi Testület (MNT)	http://www.mnt.hu
Ireland	National Standards Authority of Ireland (NSAI)	http://www.nsa.ie
Italy	Nazionale Italiano diificazione (UNI)	http://www.uni.com
Lithuania	Lithuanian Standards Board (LSTB)	http://www.lstb.lt
Luxembourg	Service de l'Energie de l'Etat (SEE)	http://www.see.lu
Malta	Malta Standards Authority (MSA)	http://www.msa.org.mt
Netherlands	Nederlands Normalisatie Instituut (NEN)	http://www.nen.nl
Poland	Polish Committee for Standardisation (PCEN)	http://www.pcen.pl
Portugal	Instituto Português da Qualidade (IPQ)	http://www.ipq.pt
Romania	Roman Standards Institute (IRN)	http://www.sutn.gov.ro
Slovenia	Slovenian Institute for Standardisation (SI)	http://www.si.si
Spain	Asociación Española de Normalización y Certificación (AENOR)	http://www.aenor.es
Sweden	Swedish Standards Institute (SIS)	http://www.sis.se
UK	British Standards Institute (BSI)	http://www.bsigroup.com

CE



Glass and Glazing Federation

Glass and Glazing Federation
40 Rushworth Street, London, SE1 0RB
020 7939 9101
info@ggf.org.uk
www.ggf.org.uk